

Stakeholders for this issue not currently working on it and potential role:

Organization	Potential role (PSE change, education, programmatic)
American College of Physicians – Society of Internal Medicine	Partner in educational conferences
American Academy Family Physicians	Partner in educational conference
Minnesota Medical Association	Partner in educational conference, dissemination
United Health Group	Preventative care, financial support of SCPs
Optum	
Blue Cross Blue Shield	
Medica	
Epic	Electronic dissemination of SCPs
MN Cancer Registry	Electronic dissemination of SCPs

Strategies

Strategy #1:

Educate patients and providers (NP/PAs, PCPs, surgeons, oncologists) about the importance of primary care, the ongoing need to involve primary care, and the key components of survivorship care

Indicator to measure progress (such as increased number of engaged stakeholders, increased media events, increased number of local jurisdictions that pass policy):

Increased Media Events; Increased proportion of patients receiving SCPs

Rationale:

Many patients lack information regarding their cancer treatment, and are uncertain what care they need following their initial cancer treatment. Despite efforts to encourage the creation of survivorship care plans (SCPs) to address this need, many remain uninformed. (Barton MK, Cancer J Clin 2014)

-Specifically, many cancer survivors are undereducated about the appropriate screening recommendations for secondary diseases after their cancer treatment. Sixty-five percent of Hodgkin survivors do not know they are at risk for secondary cancers and 45% do not know they have an increased risk of cardiovascular disease.³ (Cherven B, J Pediatr Onc Nur 2014; Ng AK, Blood 2014)

- Patients who receive a treatment summary and survivorship care plan are more likely to adhere to recommended survivorship care than those receiving usual care; this is especially seen in Latina breast cancer survivors as compared to non-Latina breast cancer survivors (Rose Maly abstract 2016 Cancer Survivorship Symposium) Underserved patients, particularly those who are from racial/ethnic minority groups, may be particularly at risk of receiving inadequate information about their cancer treatments without SCPs(Burg MA, J Gen Intern Med 2009)

Patients who see a primary care physician in addition to an oncologist receive the most preventative care

Physicians who receive treatment summary and survivorship care plan are more likely to adhere to follow up guidelines (Rose Maly abstract 2016 Cancer Survivorship Symposium)(Blanch-Hartigan, JCO 2014)

This is an evidence-based practice promising practice other. Please explain.

Does this strategy promote health equity by addressing a racial, economic, geographic or other barrier? If yes, explain.

Yes,

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groups, may be particularly at risk of receiving inadequate information about their cancer treatments without SCPs(Burg MA, J Gen Intern Med 2009)

Rank this strategy for the greatest potential for traditional and non-traditional partners working together.

Rank ___ of ___ strategies

Strategy #2: Work through the Cancer Alliance's Commission on Cancer Network to improve communication with PCPs and devise efficient, timely ways for SCPs to get from oncology to primary care providers

Indicator to measure progress (such as increased number of engaged stakeholders, increased media events, increased number of local jurisdictions that pass policy):

Increase in media events, Increase in number of patients receiving SCPs, Increase number of providers with education in this area

Rationale:

- Patients who receive a treatment summary and survivorship care plan are more likely to adhere to recommended survivorship care than those receiving usual care; this is especially seen in Latina breast cancer survivors as compared to non-Latina breast cancer survivors (Rose Maly abstract 2016 Cancer Survivorship Symposium) Underserved patients, particularly those who are from racial/ethnic minority groups, may be particularly at risk of receiving inadequate information about their cancer treatments without SCPs(Burg MA, J Gen Intern Med 2009)

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This is an evidence-based practice promising practice other. Please explain.

Does this strategy promote health equity by addressing a racial, economic, geographic or other barrier? If yes, explain.

As above

Rank this strategy for the greatest potential for traditional and non-traditional partners working together.

Rank ___ of ___ strategies

Strategy #3: Charge a workgroup of vendors, providers, patient advocates and health systems with devising a plan to facilitate and connect SCPs with services

Indicator to measure progress (such as increased number of engaged stakeholders, increased media events, increased number of local jurisdictions that pass policy):

Engage stakeholders

Rationale:

Commission of Care requires 75% of all patients receive SCPs by the end of 2018; The American College of Surgeons and NAPBC also required this commitment.

SCPs increase preventative care.

This is an evidence-based practice promising practice other. Please explain.

Does this strategy promote health equity by addressing a racial, economic, geographic or other barrier? If yes, explain.

As above, minorities in particular benefit from SCPs.

Rank this strategy for the greatest potential for traditional and non-traditional partners working together.

Rank ___ of ___ strategies

Strategy #4: Advocate for improved reimbursement for SCP creation time

Indicator to measure progress (such as increased number of engaged stakeholders, increased media events, increased number of local jurisdictions that pass policy):

Engage stakeholders

Rationale:

SCPs, on average time, take 60-90 minutes to complete. No reimbursement is provided for this service, nor is reimbursement provided for the counseling of individuals about these characteristics.

Commission of Care requires 75% of all patients receive SCPs by the end of 2018; The American College of Surgeons and NAPBC also required this commitment.

SCPs increase preventative care.

This is an ___ evidence-based practice ___x___ promising practice ___ other. Please explain.

Does this strategy promote health equity by addressing a racial, economic, geographic or other barrier? If yes, explain.

Does not specifically address health equity. However, we know that Latina survivors are much more likely to get the survivorship care they need if they have a SCP

Rank this strategy for the greatest potential for traditional and non-traditional partners working together.

Rank ___ of ___ strategies